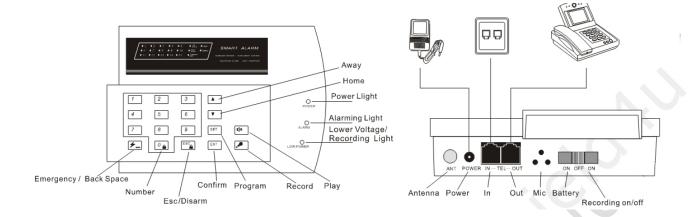
Quick Installation Manual LED Autodial Wireless Alarm System

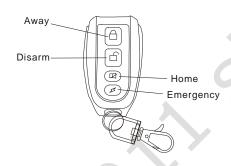
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(Version 20110816)

A. Alarm Understanding







Function	Signal	Interpretation	
	Short "Beep" twice	Error in command or failed operation	
Buzzer	Long "Beep" once or twice	Successful in command or successful operation	
	"Beep" every 5 seconds	Telephone line disconnection Reminder	

Defense Zone LED	Always lit	Defense zone alerting	
All Alarm LED	Always lit	Arming status	
Part Alarm LED	Always lit	Home arming status	
Emergency alarm LED	Always lit	Emergency alerting	
Low Power Indicator	Always lit	The internal backup battery is low	

B. Manipulation Specification

1. Zone types and definitions

- i) Perimeter zone (zone number 06 10): Generally is used for wireless door/window gap sensor
- ii) Motion zone (zone number 11 15): At home armed status, sensors in this zone will not trigger the alarm. Generally is used for wireless wide-angle.
- iii) Emergency zone (zone number 01 05): All sensors in Emergency zone will trigger the alarm whenever the alarm is armed or disarmed. It is used for detecting the space like Emergency area (such as emergency distress, medical rescue, gas leakage and fire alarm, etc.), this zone keeps 24-hour monitoring. Generally is used for panic button, wireless gas sensors and wireless smoke sensors.

2. Arming

Arming means that when there are no persons at home, and need to all-around guarded. All detectors are working. Once something triggers the detectors, the alarm sets off. After arming operation, "All alarm" LED on the host will be always on.

3. Home arming

Home arming means that when there are some body at home, for the sake of security, it is needed to make the outside doors, windows, balconies, and around detectors of the alerting system work. But, it is also needed to avoid the person at home from triggering the domestic detectors to alert wrongly. At that time, we choose home arming, letting some detectors work and the other not. At home arming status, all sensors in motion zone will not trigger the alarm. After Home arming operation, "**Part alarm**" LED on the host will be always on.

4. Disarming operation

Disarming means that when control host sets off, it can stop the alerting or make the system on the disarmed status. After disarming, even triggering detectors can NOT make the control host alert, except the detectors in emergency zone or emergency key in the remote control. After disarming, "All alarm" and "Part alarm" LED light die out.

5. Emergency alerting

When emergency happens, press on the emergency key in the remote control, keypad or panic button.

C. Telephone Line Disconnected Alarm

Alarm will set off if telephone line is cut or disconnected.

The control host will "beep" every 5 seconds if there is no telephone line is connected to the host.

- It is recommended to turn off Telephone Disconnection Alarm if you do not use a telephone landline with the host.
- It is also recommended to turn off Telephone Disconnection Alarm if you do not connect a telephone line to the control while setting or installing the alarm as "beep" reminder can confuse user

Command for disable [6] [0] \rightarrow [ENT] Command for enable [6] [1] \rightarrow [ENT]

Make sure the control host is in disarmed status and Press $[SET] \rightarrow "Programming"$ LED light up (if it does not light up, please press [ESC] first and then press [SET] again) \rightarrow Input Password (default: 888888) and press $[ENT] \rightarrow Press$ $[6] \rightarrow Pres$

D. Host Installation

- 1. Connect the telephone landline to the IN-TEL on the host (please turn off the **Telephone Disconnection Reminder** if you do not use a telephone landline with the host, please refer to above section)
- 2. Connect the power to the host and turn the switch at the side to DC ON
- 3. Please wait for initialization for about 10 seconds

E. Register/Program/Learn Sensors to the Control Host

1. Register siren to the control host

Normally, the wireless indoor siren has already been registered with the control host by manufacturer, not need to register again.

i). Register wireless indoor siren to the control host

- Make sure the control host is in disarmed status
- Turn off all sensors
- Connect the indoor strobe siren to the power socket and then wait 10 seconds for the initialization
- Press and hold the "Learn" button at the side of the indoor siren for about 15 seconds and all lights flash once
- Press the "Learn" button at the side of the indoor siren and all lights on
- Press key on the host and alarm host goes off
- Press key on the host and input password and press [ENT]
- The indoor strobe siren flash for 5 times to indicate the learning is successful

ii).Register wireless Outdoor Strobe Siren to the host

- Make sure the control host is in disarmed status
- Turn off all sensors
- Turn off wireless indoor siren
- Connect the outdoor strobe siren to the power socket and wait 10 seconds for the initialization
- Press down the green button at back of the outdoor siren
- Press red button at the back of outdoor siren and all lights on (not only power LED)
- Press 🗲 key on the host and alarm host goes off
- Press key on the host and input password and press [ENT]
- The outdoor strobe siren flash for 5 times to indicate the learning is successful

2. Register sensors to the control host

Normally, the sensors in the big blue box have been programmed (learned) to the host. For additional sensors, please refer to the user manual or sections below for how to program sensors (learn sensors) to the host

Command: $[7] \rightarrow [0] \rightarrow [ENT] \rightarrow YY \rightarrow [ENT]$ Where "YY": Zone number, includes "00 ~15"

*It is recommended that to turn off all sensors first and then only turn on the sensor which needs to be learned. After each successful learning, please turn off the learned sensor and turn on the next sensor which needs to be learned.

i). Register remote control to the control host:

Use zone 00 for remote control and it can learn up to 10 remote controls

Make sure the control host is in disarmed status and Press 【SET】 \rightarrow "Programming" LED light up (if it does not light up, please press 【ESC】 first and then press 【SET】 again) \rightarrow Input Password (default: 888888) and press 【ENT】 \rightarrow ①Press 【7】 \rightarrow Press 【0】 \rightarrow Press 【ENT】 \rightarrow Input 00 and press 【ENT】 \rightarrow "Learn" LED lights up \rightarrow Press the button on the remote **twice** successively \rightarrow when hear long "Beep" from the control host and see the "Learn" LED flashes and then off, this means the sensor learning is successful After that please start from ① again to register another sensor.

ii). Register door/window gap sensor to the control host:

Normally, zones 06 to 10 are used for door/window gap sensor. Each zone can learn 4 sensors.

Open the cover at the side of the sensor and put in a battery \rightarrow

Make sure the control host is in disarmed status and Press 【SET】 \rightarrow "Programming" LED light up (if it does not light up, please press 【ESC】 first and then press 【SET】 button again) \rightarrow Input Password (default: 888888) and press 【ENT】 \rightarrow "Press 【0】 \rightarrow Press 【ENT】 \rightarrow Input Zone Number (can be zone number between 06 and 10) and press 【ENT】 \rightarrow "Learn" LED lights up \rightarrow use magnet contact to trigger the sensor **twice** successively \rightarrow

when hear long "Beep" from the control host and see the "Learn" LED flashes and then off, this means the sensor learning is successful

After that please turn off registered sensor and start from ① again to register another sensor.

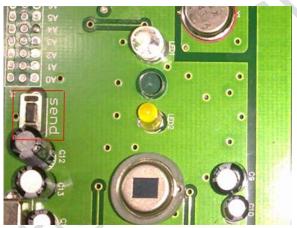
iii). Register PIR to the control host:

Normally, zones 11 to 15 are used for PIR sensor. Each zone can learn 4 sensors

Open PIR's cover and install the battery \rightarrow

Make sure the control host is in disarmed status and Press **[SET]** \rightarrow "Programming" LED light up (if it does not light up, please press **[ESC]** first and then press **[SET]** again) \rightarrow Input Password (default: 888888) and press **[ENT]** \rightarrow "Press **[O]** \rightarrow Press **[ENT]** \rightarrow Input Zone Number (can be zone number between 11 and 15) and press **[ENT]** \rightarrow "Learn" LED lights up \rightarrow Turn on the switch at the side of the sensor (up for ON and down for OFF) and press the sending button on the PIR's PCB **twice** successively \rightarrow when hear long "Beep" from the control host and see the "Learn" LED flashes and then off, this means the sensor learning is successful

After that please turn off registered sensor and start from ① again to register another sensor.



iv). Register panic button to the control host:

Zone 02 is used for panic button. Each zone can learn 4 sensors

Make sure the control host is in disarmed status and Press $[SET] \rightarrow "Programming"$ LED light up (if it does not light up, please press [ESC] first and then press [SET] again) \rightarrow Input Password (default: 888888) and press $[ENT] \rightarrow "Press$ $[O] \rightarrow Press$ $[ENT] \rightarrow "Learn"$ LED lights up \rightarrow Press the button **twice** successively \rightarrow when hear long "Beep" from the control host and see the "Learn" LED flashes and then off, this means the sensor learning is successful

After that please turn off registered sensor and start from ① again to register another sensor.

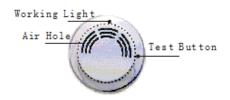
v). Register smoke detector to the control host:

Normally, zones 01 to 05 are used for smoke alarm. Each zone can learn 4 sensors

Remove the back bracket and open the cover to install the battery \rightarrow

Make sure the control host is in disarmed status and Press 【SET】 → "Programming" LED light up (if it does not light

up, please press 【ESC】 first and then press 【SET】 again) → Input Password (default: 888888) and press 【ENT】 → ①Press 【7】 → Press 【0】 → Press 【ENT】 → Input Zone Number (can be zone number between 01 and 05) and press 【ENT】 → "Learn" LED lights up → Press and hold the testing button **twice** successively → when hear long "Beep" from the control host and see the "Learn" LED flashes and then off, this means the sensor learning is successful After that please turn off registered sensor and start from ① again to register another sensor.



F. Unregister/Deactivate Sensors to the Control Host

1. Sensor

Command: $[7] \rightarrow [1] \rightarrow [ENT] \rightarrow YY \rightarrow [ENT]$ Where "YY": Zone number, includes "00 ~15"

Make sure the control host is in disarmed status. Press 【SET】 → "Programming" LED light up (if it does not light up, please press 【ESC】 first and then press 【SET】 again) → Input Password (default: 888888) and press 【ENT】 → Press 【7】 → Press 【1】 → Press 【ENT】 → Input Zone Number and press 【ENT】 → when hear long "Beep" from the alarm host the operation is successful, Please note: all sensors registered on that zone will be deleted.

2. Indoor siren

Plug the indoor siren into the power \rightarrow Wait for 10 seconds for the initialization \rightarrow Press down and hold the learning button at the side for 15 seconds and release \rightarrow the LED in the siren flashes once.

3. Outdoor siren

Connect the power to the outdoor siren \rightarrow Keep pressing the red button for 10 seconds and release \rightarrow a successful deactivation will be followed by a flash of the alarming light

G. Preset Phone Numbers into the Control Host

Command: $XX \rightarrow [ENT] \rightarrow "Telephone number" \rightarrow [ENT]$ Where "XX": Phone number group number, can be 01~06;

You can store 6 phone numbers. Group 01 is for monitoring centres and other 5 groups are for personal numbers. In this case, group **02~06** are used here.

Make sure the control host is in disarmed status and Press 【SET】 → "Programming" LED light up (if it does not light up, please press 【ESC】 first and then press 【SET】 again) → Input Password (default: 888888) and press 【ENT】 →

H. Voice Message Recording:

- 1. Make sure the control host is in disarmed status
- 2. Check if the power adapter has been connected to the control host (the voice message recording only works when the control host is connected to the external power)
- 3. Turn the switch at the side of the host to Record On
- 4. Press and hold A key and speak close to the host, then release the A key to stop recording
- 5. Turn the switch at the side of the host to DC On, press and hold the (1) key to playback the recorded message
- 6. After the successful recording, please turn the switch at the side to DC ON

I. Local Arm/Home Arm/Disarm/Emergency Alarm

1. Arm

- i) By wireless remote control: Press the "Away" button, "All alarm" LED lights up and the control host will beep once to complete the operation successfully
- ii) By keypad on the control host: press"▲ ▼" on the control host keypad to choose Arm ("All alarm" LED will light up)

2. Home arm

- i) By wireless remote control: Press the "Home" button, "Part alarm" LED lights up and the control host will beep once to complete the operation successfully
- ii) By keypad on the control host: press"▲▼" on the control host keypad to choose Home Arm ("Part alarm" LED will light up)

2. Disarm

- i) By wireless remote control: press the corresponding disarm button and the host will beep twice to successfully complete the operation
- ii) By keypad on the control host: Press **[ESC]** and enter password \rightarrow Press **[ENT]** \rightarrow the control host will beep twice to successfully complete the operation

J. Phone long-distance-control

1. Call-in to control

Dial the phone number associated to the telephone line which is connected to the control host through telephone or cellphone. After a cycle of ringing, the control host will pick up the call. After one beep, enter password (default password is 888888) and then after one beep, pressing phone or cellphone keys.

Concrete operation is as follows:

[1] key: Arming [0] key: Disarming

The control host will automatically hang up after every command above is entered and operated successfully.

If without any operations, the host will automatically hang up and quit after 15 seconds.

3. Telephone alert-receiving

After host alerts, it will automatically dial all pre-set telephones and cellphones in sequence. When the user picks up the phone, it will immediately broadcast alerting record for 20 seconds and let user obtain the alarming information. After phone received, if only listen to alerting voice without long-distance control, please directly hang up, the host will continuously dial the latter phone for alerting, until someone picks up. If there is no person receiving calls, the host will dial all phones in circulation for three times, then automatically hang up and at the same time, it conducts long-distance remote control on the alerting host through telephone and cellphone keyboard operation:

- [8] key: Enter into the monitoring listening status for 20 seconds. If continue to monitor, user needs press "8"key again.
 - [#] key: Play the recorded voice message for one time automatically
 - [*] key: Quits from the status and hang up, the system will not dial the next group of numbers.

If the telephone line is busy while the alarm goes off, the control host will cut the busy line and take the priority to dial out automatically.

K. Alarm Setting Command:

Before operating the alarm function setting commands in Table below, user needs to make sure the control host has entered into the program status.

How to enter into the program status: Make sure the control host is in disarmed status and Press 【SET】

→ "Programming" LED light up (if it does not light up, please press 【ESC】 first and then press 【SET】 again) →
Input Password (default: 888888) and press 【ENT】

To be programmed	Setting Command	Operation Instruction	Default Setting
Input phone numbers	$XX \rightarrow [ENT] \rightarrow "Telephone number" \rightarrow [ENT]$	"XX": Phone number group number, can be 01~06. "01" for CID/XSJ protocol. "02 ~ 06" for personal phone number (normally just enter 02~ 06).	No number
Exit delay	$XX \rightarrow [ENT]$	" XX ": 10 (0 second) or 11 (15 seconds)	10
Entry delay	XX → 【ENT】	"XX": 20 (0 second) or 21 (15 seconds)	20
Emergency alarm sound	XX → 【ENT】	" X ": 30 (silent) or 31 (audible)	31
Perimeter (1 st defence) zone, motion (2 nd defence) zone alarm sound	$XX \rightarrow [ENT]$	"X": 40 (silent) or 41 (audible)	41
Program wireless sensors	$[7] \rightarrow X \rightarrow [ENT] \rightarrow YY \rightarrow$ $[ENT]$	"X": 0 (add) or 1 (delete) "YY": Zone number, includes"00~15"	Sensors in big blue box have

			been programm ed to the control host
Telephone Disconnection Alarm	$XX \rightarrow [ENT]$	"XX": 60 (disable) or 61 (enable)	61
If upload arm & disarm to management/ monitoring center	XX → 【ENT】	"X": 50 (not upload) or 51 (upload)	50
Alarm ID Number	[8] \rightarrow [ENT] \rightarrow X X X X \rightarrow [ENT]	" XXXX ":0000-9999	None or random

Note: Press to exit from the programming state after finishing programming.

L. How to Change Alarm Password

【SET】 → "Programming" LED light up (if it does not light up, please press ESC button first and then press SET button again) → 999999 → 【ENT】 → Six Digital New Programming Passwords → 【ENT】 → Six Digital New Programming Passwords → 【ENT】 → sounds long "Di Di" from the alarm host indicates successful operation

M. Wireless Zones

Zone Number	Sensor Type	Zone Type	Applicable Sensor Name	Remark
00		> –	Wireless remote & Wireless Keypad	Supports upto 10 remote controls
01 ~ 05	Wireless sensors	Emergency zone	Wireless Smoke Alarm, Wireless Gas Alarm& Panic button etc.	Each zone
06 ~ 10		Perimeter zone	Wireless Door/Window Sensor & Wireless Curtain PIR etc.	supports upto 4 wireless
11 ~ 15		Motion zone	Wireless Wide-Angle PIR Motion Sensor etc.	sensors

Note: Default set before shipment in the big blue box

Wireless sensor	Wireless remote	Wireless door sensor	Wireless wide-angle PIR sensor	Wireless gas sensor	Wireless smoke sensor
	Terriote	5011501	SCIISOI	SCIISOI	5011501
Zone Number	00	06	11	02	03

N. Understanding of Wireless Sensor and Installation

Wireless Remote Control

Features:

- To control the alarm host to arm and disarm.
- With the emergency key for urgent help.

Specifications:

Operating power: 27A 12V alkaline battery
Emitting distance: ≥100m (in open area)

● Service life: ≤1 year

Installation and Usage:

- For users to take along.
- Generally, press the "Away" key to arm before leaving home; and press the "Disarm" key to disarm; "Home" is for "Home Arming", "Home Arming" is only effective for sensors in Perimeter Zone



Features:

- Generally set as Perimeter zone.
- If any door or window is opened, it will transmit the alarm signals to the alarm host.

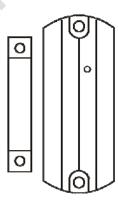
Specifications:

• Operating power: 23A 12V alkaline battery

• Emitting distance: ≥100m (in open area)

● Service life: ≤1 year

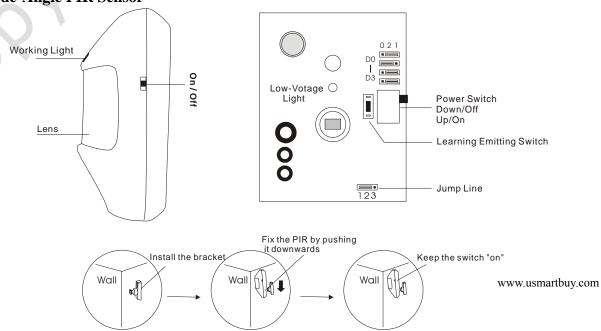
• Alarm Distance: <4cm

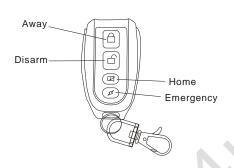


Installation and Usage

- Fix the part of magnet onto the door frame in a position of 1.6m above the ground to prevent any children from bumping onto it
- Fix the part of emitting onto the door frame, make sure to keep the part of magnet and part of emitting in parallel, the space between the two parts shall be less than 10mm
- Upon the working light flashes frequently in blue, please replace the batteries

Wireless Wide-Angle PIR Sensor





Features:

- Mainly monitor and control indoor stereoscopic space, generally set in Motion Zone.
- When human body enters into the detecting area, the sensor will transmit the alarm signals to the alarm host.

Specifications:

• Operating power: 9V alkaline battery

• Emitting distance: ≥150m (in open area)

• Service life: ≤1 years

• Detecting distance: 110° 10×10m

Installation and Usage

- Fix the bracket on suitable wall surface or in wall corner at a distance of 2~2.4m above the ground;
- Open the sensor shell to connect the batteries well and adjust jumper line (short circuit "5S": The sensor will detect once every 5 seconds; short circuit "5MIN": The sensor will detect once every 5 minutes; suggestion: short circuit "5S" for testing and "5MIN" for normal use;
- Fix the sensor onto the bracket;
- Adjust the sensor to a proper angle and then slide the power switch on the side to "ON", and it will enter into the normal working state after 30 seconds;
- Upon the working light flashes frequently in blue, please replace the batteries.

Wireless Indoor Siren

Features:

- Work with alarm host, wireless receiving alarm signals, spot alarming with sound and flash
- With power plug, usually for indoor use.

Specifications:

- Operating Power: 100~240VAC
- Receiving Distance: $\geq 100 \,\mathrm{M}$ (In open area)

Installation and Usage:

- Plug the wireless siren into suitable indoor power socket
- Suggestion: Generally around 1.8M from the ground

How to reset/unregister:

Plug the indoor siren into the power → Press down and hold the learning button at the side for 15 seconds and release → the LED in the siren flashes once.

Wireless Smoke Alarm

Features:

- Mainly monitor and control indoor fire risks, generally set to Emergency Zone.
- Replace the batteries for every 1 or 2 year.
- Usually installed on the ceilings of living room and aisles.

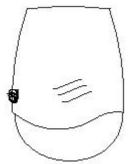
Specifications:

• Operating power: 9V alkaline battery

• Emitting distance: ≥100m (in open area)

Service life: ≤1 year

• Monitoring range: 20m





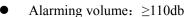
Wireless outdoor siren

Features:

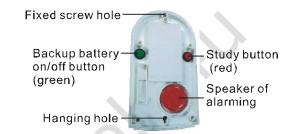
- Nice, exquisite and waterproof
- Mico-computer controlling, steady performance and high-class quality
- Study to at most 10 pcs of wireless alarm host
- With built-in backup battery
- Low standby power consumption, self-inspection of lower battery voltage, automatic charging
- Wall hanging installation

Specifications:

- Operating power: 110~240VAC, 50Hz
- Static power consumption: $\leq 40 \text{ mA}$
- Working power consumption: ≤450 mA
- Receiving distance: ≥100M (In open area)







Installation and usage:

- Press down the green power switch at the back after connecting the siren to the AC power
- Study the siren to the alarm host according to the instruction
- Unplug from the AC power, fix it in the proper outdoor place with handing hook, and then plug to the AC power

How to reset/unregister

• Connect the power to the outdoor siren then keep pressing the red button for 10 seconds and release, a successful deactivation will be followed by a flash of the alarming light

O. Control Host Specifications:

- Operating power: 9-15VDC
- Static current: $\leq 60 \text{mA}$
- Alarm current: ≤ 380mA
- Operating environment: Temperature: -10-50°; Humidity: <80%
- Maximum available quantity of keychain remotes: 8 PCS
- Maximum available quantity of wireless sensors: 60 PCS
- Dimensions: 180*120*38 (mm)
- Rechargeable battery: Ni-Mh(4.8v), 600mAh, up to 8hrs long
- Speaker siren 100dB (built-in)

P. Troubleshooting

Problem	Probable Reasons	Available Solutions	
Cannot dial for alarm	No arming	Do arming operation	
	Alerting phone unsetted	Re-set according to the specification	
	Parts improperly installed	Coordinating the location of parts	
	Code no match	Re-coding	
The control host can't record	Did not keep pressing the record	Keep pressing the record button all the time	
voice	button all the time while recording	while recording	
Repeatedly receiving the alarm telephone	Fail to operate according to the operation instruction of the telephone alarm	Follow the instructions after answering the alarm phone calls and hearing the recorded message	
The host does not alarm after the detector is triggered in arm state	 Caused by the functions of arm mode (Armed Away and Armed Home); Have already setup time for Entry Delay or Exit Delay Alarm sound has been turned off 	 "Armed Away" mode: alarm goes off when any sensor is triggered; "Armed Home" mode: alarm goes off when any sensor in Perimeter zone is triggered and it won't alarm when any sensor in Motion zone is triggered Program to adjust the time for Entry Delay or Exit Delay Turn on the alarm sound according to section G. 	
The PIR sensor doesn't work	 Not properly connected to the power Jumper problem Coding un-matched with the control host 	* Open the sensor shells to install the batteries well and slide the power switch to "On"; * "5S": detect once every 5 seconds; * "5MIN": detect once every 5 minutes; * Learn the PIR to the control host	
The detecting distance of PIR sensor gets shorter	The ambient temperature in the detecting area is too high.	When the ambient temperature in the detecting area exceeds the human body temperature, the detecting distance will get shorter, it's normal.	
the transmission distance of	a nearby emitter is sending code	move one detector next to panel and try	
detector to panel shorten	Panel receiver stoppage	• identify the interfering source and eliminate	
	standby battery of the Panel	it	
*	insufficient	check Panel power whether plugged well	
The PIR sensor flashes	Batteries are running out.	Replace with new batteries of the same	
frequently in blue. The door sensor's indicator	Batteries are running out.	specification. Replace with new batteries of the same	
flashes frequently.	Batteries are running out.	specification.	
The distance of the remote	Batteries are running out.	Replace with new batteries of the same	
controller gets shorter.		specification.	